ABOUT MUNI-RISK

MITIGATION OF RISKS DUE TO SUBMERGED MUNITIONS FOR A SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT OF THE BALTIC SEA



MUNI-RISK (2024-2027) is an EU-funded project focused on tackling the risks from old munitions lying on the seabed in the Baltic Sea. These munitions, remnants of past conflicts such as the Second World War, pose environmental and safety risks that need to be carefully managed. MUNI-RISK brings together scientists and practitioners to find solutions that support safe maritime activities, such as fishing, and responsible marine resource development, including building offshore wind farms. By the end of the MUNI-RISK project, countries around the Baltic Sea will have practical tools and guidelines to safely manage munitions risks.

OUR GOALS



Help Countries
Decide on
Actions: Provide
information to
decide whether
munitions should
be left in place or
removed safely.



Support
Environmental
Planning: Give
guidelines
for including
munitions risks
in Environmental
Impact
Assessments
(EIAs) for new
marine projects
like wind farms.



Clear Risk
Assessment
Tools: Develop
scientific tools
to assess which
areas need
urgent attention
to reduce risks
from underwater
munitions.



Create
Transferable
Technologies:
Develop
methods that can
also be used in
other seas, such
as the Black Sea.



Work with Local

Authorities.

Government
Bodies, and
Industry Experts:
Collaborate with
organisations
such as local
government,
environmental
agencies and
renewable energy
companies to
make decisions
that protect both
people and the
environment.











AN ESTIMATED 40,000 TONNES OF CHEMICAL MUNITIONS FROM WW2, ALONG WITH OVER ONE MILLION TONNES OF UNEXPLODED ORDNANCE (UXO), REMAIN SUBMERGED IN THE BALTIC SEA.



OUR ACTIVITIES



Data Collection:

We are gathering information about munitions in the Baltic Sea, including location, type, and environmental effects. We will also find gaps that need to be filled.



Risk Evaluation:

Using our case study areas, we'll assess specific risks and prioritize areas that need immediate action.



EIA Guidelines Development:

Our team will create guidelines for factoring munitions risks into environmental planning for marine projects, like offshore wind farms.



Workshops and Policy Briefs:

We engage with local authorities, government bodies, and industry representatives to establish safe practices for managing submerged munitions.



Outreach and Technology Transfer:

Findings and methodologies will be shared widely, making MUNI-RISK's solutions accessible to other regions such as Black Sea.



MUNI-RISK's fieldwork will take place in several key areas with a history of munitions deposition.





Bornholm, Denmark

Denmark
The waters
around Bornholm
hold large
amounts of
submerged
munitions,
ideal for data
collection and
testing risk
assessment
methods.



Estonia

In Estonia, data gathered will help us understand munitions' impacts on the local marine environment and communities.





Germany and Poland

Though not the primary study locations, Poland and Germany will contribute essential data from similar projects, adding to the overall analysis and recommendations.



PROJECT PARTNERS













